MAKING DRINKING WATER SAFE AND AFFORDABLE IN MINNESOTA

Minnesota has funds to help make sure the water is safe and affordable, but changes are needed in how money is given out. You can help by providing comments to make sure the money goes to people who really need it.

Why is drinking water unsafe and unaffordable?

The federal government paid to build this nation’s water systems, but has significantly reduced its financial support since the 1970s. Now, as water systems get older and need expensive repairs to keep drinking water safe, the customers must pay more, making water unaffordable for many households.

Making the situation worse, many communities experience revenue loss as the population shrinks while also requiring more money to address lead pipe replacement, legacy and agricultural pollution, and worsening damage from climate change.

What is the problem?

The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) is how the state government helps communities pay for major water infrastructure projects. For example, replacing lead pipes to keep water safe for drinking is very costly.

A community can apply to the DWSRF to receive a long-term loan or grant funding. Minnesota decides which communities will receive money based on two things: 1) how they score the projects and 2) how they define disadvantaged communities.

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

The Minnesota funding program neglects the legacy of pollution and discriminatory policies that have concentrated most environmental hazards around low-income and communities of color.

One solution is to use an Environmental Justice screening tool to find which communities to prioritize for funding.
WHAT IS THE SOLUTION?

The way that the state defines disadvantaged communities and scores projects determines which communities will receive funding to improve their drinking water. The public is able to weigh in on these parts of the program every year and suggest changes.

Minnesota's definition of "disadvantaged community" must:

- Use better data to identify low-income communities
- Consider any history of environmental justice issues

Minnesota's scoring system must:

- Remove incentives for consolidation projects
- Protect residents' rights during these projects

Minnesota can improve transparency by:

- Publishing the total of water funds going to disadvantaged communities
- Making it clearer and easier for communities to understand if they would qualify as a disadvantaged community

WHAT CAN I DO?

1 Take Action and Submit Comments

Your help is needed to improve the scoring and how disadvantaged communities are defined. Every year, the annual funding plan will likely open for public comment in September or October. Sign up for Freshwater Future updates and we will let you know each year when Minnesota's DWSRF program is open for public comment!

2 Local community advocacy for needed projects

Is your community raising water rates to cover the costs of improving local water infrastructure? Encourage your local government to apply to the DWSRF by getting involved! Freshwater Future has resources available for you to organize with.